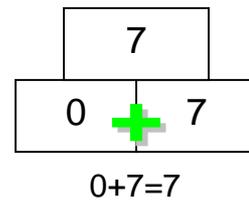
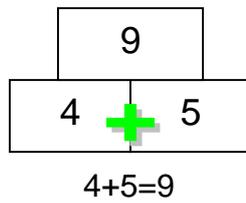
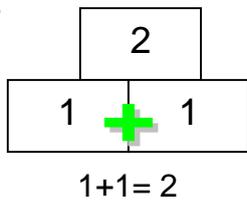


# Rechenmauern

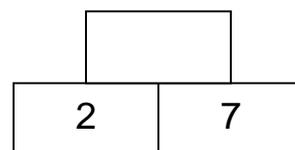
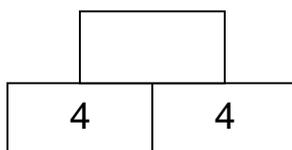
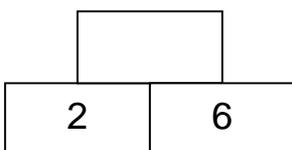
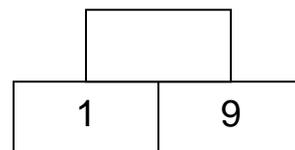
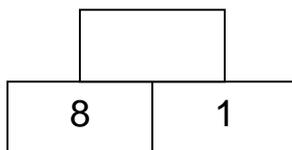
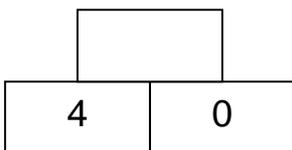
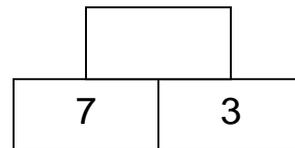
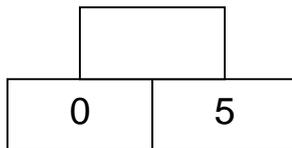
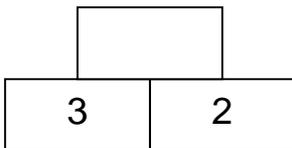
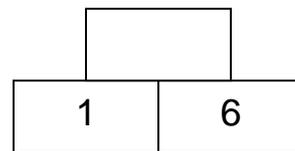
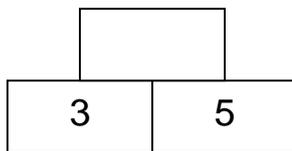
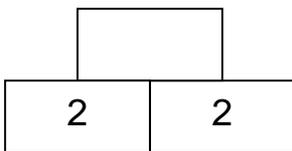
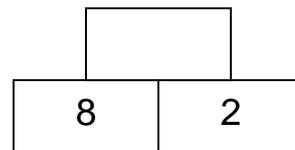
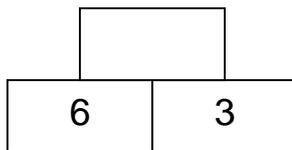
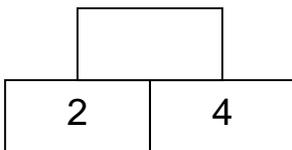
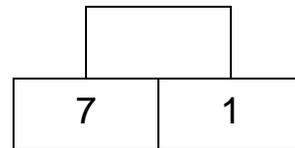
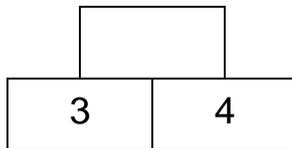
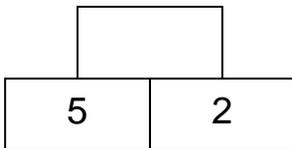
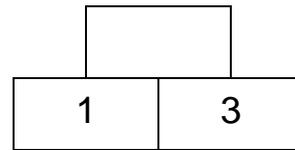
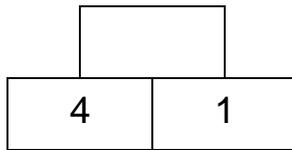
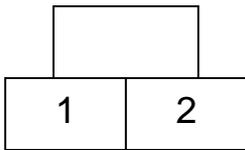
So funktioniert eine Rechenmauer:

Eine Rechenmauer besteht aus mindestens drei Bausteinen. Immer die zwei nebeneinander liegende Teile ergeben zusammen den darüber sitzenden Baustein.

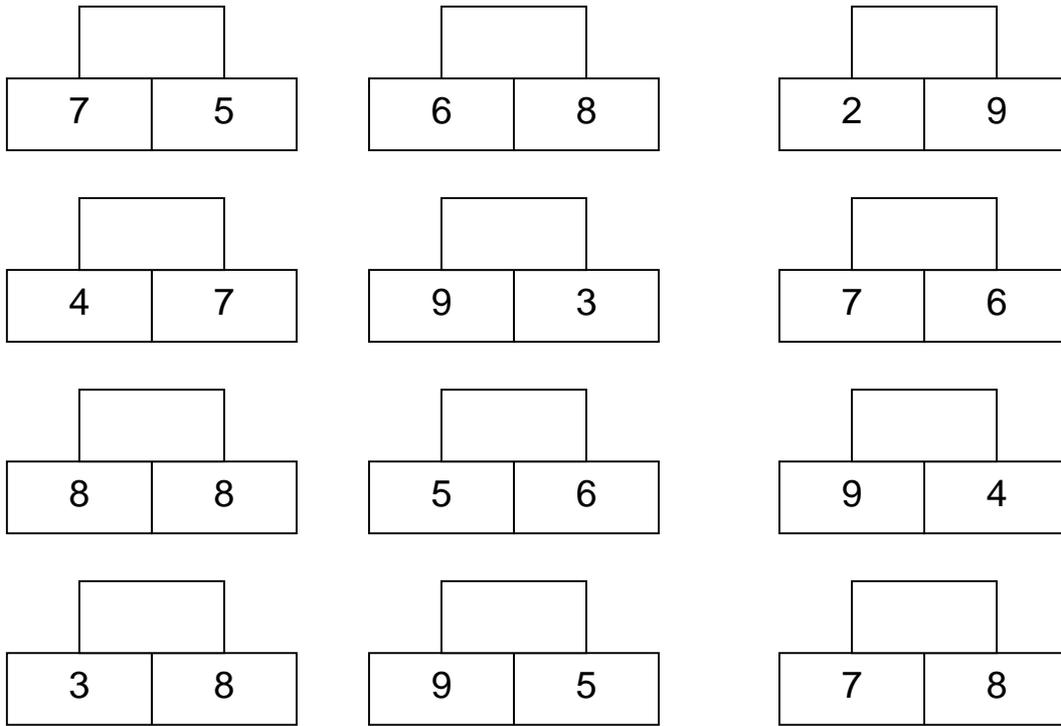
Beispiele:



Na, alles klar? Dann kann es ja los gehen!

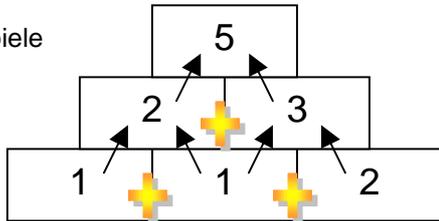


So nun versuchen wir es mal über den Zehner!

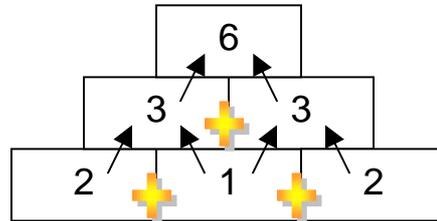


So und nun noch ein paar größere Mauern.  
So geht`s:

Beispiele

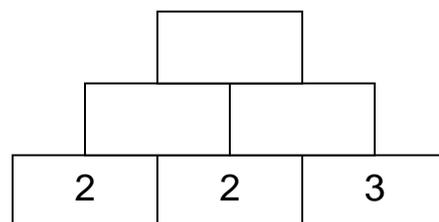
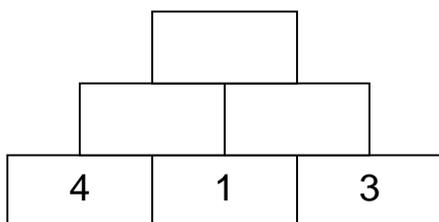
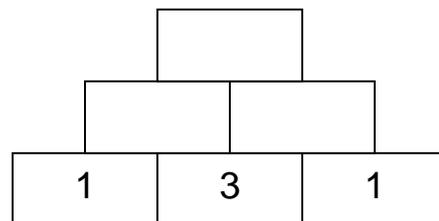
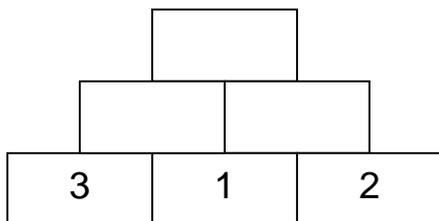


Die Aufgaben heißen also:  
 $1+1=2$   
 $1+2=3$   
 $2+3=5$



Die Aufgaben heißen:  
 $2+1=3$   
 $1+2=3$   
 $3+3=6$

Jetzt bist du wieder dran! Wenn du alleine nicht klar kommst, hole dir Hilfe von einem Erwachsenen.



## Rechenmauern für Fortgeschrittene im Zwanziger:

